#### LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in this application. Added text is indicated by <u>underlining</u>, and deleted text is indicated by <u>strikethrough</u>. Changes are identified by a vertical bar in the margin.

1. (Original) A method for correcting room acoustics at multiple-listener positions, the method comprising:

measuring a room acoustical response at each listener position in a multiplelistener environment;

warping each of the room acoustical response measured at said each listener position;

determining a general response by computing a weighted average of the warped room acoustical responses;

generating a low order spectral model of the general response;

obtaining a warped acoustic correction filter from the low order spectral model; and

unwarping the warped acoustic correction filter to obtain a room acoustic correction filter; wherein the room acoustic correction filter corrects the room acoustics at the multiple-listener positions.

- 2. (Currently amended) The method according toof claim 1, further including comprising the step of generating a stimulus signal for measuring the room acoustical response at each of the listener positions.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the general response is determined by a pattern recognition method.

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- 4. (Currently amended) The method according toof claim [[5]] 3, wherein the pattern recognition method is at least one of comprises a method selected from a group consisting of: a hard c-means clustering method, a fuzzy c-means clustering method, [[er]] and an adaptive learning method.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the warping is achieved by means of a bilinear conformal map.
- 6. (Currently amended) The method according toof claim 1, wherein the spectral model includes comprises a model selected from a group consisting of a t least one of a Linear Predictive Coding (LPC) model [[or]] and a pole-zero model.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the warped acoustic correction filter is the inverse of the low order spectral model.
- 8. (Original) A method for generating substantially distortion-free audio at multiple-listeners in an environment, the method comprising:

measuring acoustical characteristics of the environment at each expected listener position in the multiple-listener environment;

warping each of the acoustical characteristics measured at said each expected listener position;

generating a low order spectral model of each of the warped acoustical characteristics;

obtaining a warped acoustic correction filter from the low order spectral model; unwarping the warped acoustic correction filter to obtain a room acoustic correction filter;

filtering an audio signal with the room acoustical correction filter; and transmitting the filtered audio from at least one loudspeaker, wherein the audio

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signal received at said each expected listener position is substantially free of distortions.

- 9. (Currently amended) The method according toof claim [[12]] 8, further including comprising the step of determining a general response by a pattern recognition method.
- 10. (Currently amended) The method according toof claim [[13]] 9, wherein the pattern recognition method is at least one of comprises a method selected from a group consisting of: a hard c-means clustering method, a fuzzy c-means clustering method, [[er]] and an adaptive learning method.
- 11. (Currently amended) The method according toof claim [[12]] 8, wherein the warping is achieved by a bilinear conformal map.
- 12. (Currently amended) The method according to of claim [[12]] 8, wherein the spectral model includes comprises a model selected from a group consisting of: at least one of a Linear Predictive Coding (LPC) model [[or]] and a frequency weighted pole-zero model.
- 13. (Currently amended) The method according to of claim [[12]] 8, wherein the warped acoustic correction filter is the inverse of the general response.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A system for generating substantially distortion-free audio at multiple-listeners in an environment, the system comprising:
- a filtering means for performing multiple-listener room acoustic correction, the filtering means formed from:

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- (i) warped room acoustical responses, wherein the room acoustical responses are measured at each of an expected listener position in a multiple-listener environment;
- (ii) a weighted average response of the warped room acoustical responses;
  - (iii) a low order spectral model of the weighted average response;
  - (iv) a warped filter formed from the low order spectral model; and
- (v) an unwarped room acoustic correction filter obtained by unwarping the warped filter; wherein an audio signal, filtered by the filtering means comprised of the room acoustic correction filter, is received substantially distortion-free at each of the expected listener positions[[-]]; and

a means for transmitting the audio signal.

- 15. (Currently amended) The system according toof claim [[18]] 14, wherein the weighted average response is determined by a pattern recognition means.
- 16. (Currently amended) The system according toof claim [[19]] 15, wherein the pattern recognition means comprises a means selected from a group consisting is at least one of a hard c-means clustering system, a fuzzy c-means clustering system, [[of]] and an adaptive learning system.
- 17. (Currently amended) The system according toof claim [[18]] 14, wherein the warping is achieved by an all-pass filter chain.
- 18. (Currently amended) The system according toof claim [[18]] 14, wherein the warped filter includes an inverse of the lower order spectral model.

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- 19. (Currently amended) The system according to of claim [[18]] 14, wherein the spectral model includes comprises a model selected from a group consisting at least one of a Linear Predictive Coding (LPC) model [[or]] and a frequency weighted pole-zero model.
- 20. (Original) A method for correcting room acoustics at multiple-listener positions, the method comprising:

warping each room acoustical response, said each room acoustical response obtained at each expected listener position;

clustering each of the warped room acoustical response into at least one cluster, wherein each cluster includes a centroid;

forming a general response from the at least one centroid;

inverting the general response to obtain an inverse response;

obtaining a lower order spectral model of the inverse response;

unwarping the lower order spectral model of the inverse response to form the room acoustic correction filter; wherein the room acoustic correction filter corrects the room acoustics at the multiple-listener positions.

- 21. (Currently amended) The method according toof claim [[24]] 21, wherein the warping is achieved by a bilinear conformal map.
- 22. (Currently amended) The system according to method of claim [[24]] 21, wherein the spectral model includes comprises a frequency weighted pole-zero model.